

# THE SALT LAKE HERALD

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1	9,527	18,239
2	9,278	18,253
3	10,342	19,048
4	9,239	18,149
5	9,261	18,195
6	9,244	18,114
7	9,251	18,159
8	9,251	18,159
9	9,251	18,159
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26	9,251	18,159
27	9,251	18,159
28	9,251	18,159
29	9,251	18,159
30	9,251	18,159
31	9,251	18,159
Total daily	286,515	
Average	9,244	
Total Sunday	91,809	
Average	15,302	

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\* Largest Daily and Sunday \*  
\* Circulation in Salt Lake proved \*  
\* by investigation. \*  
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## WEATHER FOR SALT LAKE.

Rain or snow.

## THE METALS.

Silver, 6 1/2c per ounce.  
Copper (castings), 13 3/4c per pound.  
Lead, 14 1/2c per 100 pounds.

## PROHIBITION'S DEFEAT.

While the passage of the Cannon prohibition bill by the house is regarded by some enthusiasts as an occasion for rejoicing, that sentiment is not shown by the better informed men who are in charge of the campaign for state-wide prohibition. These know that many house members, who are in reality opposed to prohibition, bent to petition shown sentiment and voted for the bill in order not to arouse the resentment of their constituents, thus passing along the responsibility to their brethren in the upper branch of the legislature. Some of the senators who resent the deal made by the federal machine with the brewers for campaign money and votes, assert their inclination to pass the bill, so that Governor Spry may be forced, by vetoing it, to carry out the bunch's contract with the brewers. It is not probable, however, that these senators, who are hostile to the federal bunch and to prohibition, will carry out this threat.

The Deseret News, which has conducted the campaign for prohibition with much skill and great energy, last evening practically admitted the defeat of the white ribbon forces. It published a poll of the senate, showing three for the Cannon bill, nine opposed to it, three non-committal and three not polled. Of those classified as non-committal and not polled, three at least are known to be opposed to the bill. This makes twelve against prohibition, unless for some reason, such as the embarrassment of Governor Spry, some members should vote contrary to their sentiments and support the bill.

So certain is the ultimate result, however, that the federal machinists are preparing to maintain, if they can by hook or crook, their control of the state. The Herald is informed that they are planning, if they haven't already arranged, for a continuance of the alliance with the brewing and liquor interests, while they hope to be able as well to wear the mantle of the dominant church and pose as its political representatives. By far the greater part of the following they have been able to control in the past they have secured because of the belief held by many good men and women that in a general way this group of politicians represented the views of the leaders of the dominant church. Whether they will be able to bunc the public permanently, no one can foresee. The task they have undertaken—of beguiling the leaders and adherents of their church and at the same time maintaining a close alliance with the liquor interests—requires more power of dissimulation than most men possess or would desire to possess.

AN AMERICAN SAINT.

It is said that there is a movement on foot to canonize Mother Seton, founder of the Sisters of Charity of St. Vincent de Paul in America. Mother Seton was born in New York April 3, 1774, and in her early years was a member of the Episcopal church. Her name was Elizabeth Bagley before her marriage to William Seton. Her husband died while on a visit to Rome, and the widow came under the influence of the Roman church.

Failing to make a living for herself and five children in a private school which she had opened in New York, Mother Seton removed to Baltimore and afterwards organized the first religious order of women in the United States under a charter from the legislature of the state of Maryland. She is credited with having founded many schools and orphanages, hospitals and other charitable institutions, and died Jan. 31, 1821. Such, in brief, is the story of Mother Seton, who may become a saint in the course of years.

At the present time there is only one American saint, Santa Rosa de Lima, who was Isabel Morales, the daughter of humble parents. She was born at Lima, Peru, in 1586. From her childhood Isabel manifested a deep religious spirit, and as she grew older devoted her life to the relief of the poor and the healing of the sick. She was known throughout Peru for her piety, and

many miraculous cures are attributed to her. Shortly after her death, in 1617, the ecclesiastical authorities of Lima petitioned Pope Urban VIII for her canonization. He sent a commission to Peru to investigate; her sanctity was established, and upon the recommendation of the sacred college she was beatified by Pope Clement IX in 1688, and her name was placed upon the calendar as Saint Rosa, the name that was given her by the poor people of Peru. This was a remarkably short time, but there was no opposition, and all the evidences were in her favor.

Many efforts have been made to canonize Christopher Columbus, who appears to have lacked all the essential qualifications for sainthood. Besides being of a harsh and cruel nature, he left an illegitimate son behind him. Other countries boast of patron saints, but so far the United States is minus in this particular.

## PARCELS POST.

There isn't any chance of the passage of a straight-out parcels post bill during the present session of congress, so Senator Beveridge has come forward with a proposition that the system be tried on two or three rural delivery routes in different parts of the country during the coming summer and the results be made known to congress when it meets next December. Whether his advice will be followed cannot be told at present.

There is considerable opposition to the parcels post proposition. The express companies naturally do not want to lose any revenue, and the cross-roads storekeepers are much wrought up over the prospect of their trade going to adjacent cities in case the system is put into operation. The plaint of the cross-roads has probably cut little figure in the discussion of the matter in Washington, but the express companies are powerful enough to make themselves heard, the president of one of the corporations being a member of the senate.

Postmaster General Meyer has a plan to protect the rural storekeepers, his idea being to run the parcels post on the zone system. His proposition is that the government should undertake to deliver through the mail parcels weighing not to exceed eleven pounds for 12 cents a pound. At the present time the merchandise rate is 15 cents a pound, and the limit is four pounds. This new rate would, of course, carry a package anywhere within the United States, the same as it is now carried to those foreign countries with which we have parcels post arrangements.

That the country storekeeper should have a distinct advantage over mail order houses in large cities, the postmaster general conceived the idea of a special parcels post system on packages originating and being delivered on the same route. For this special service he proposed to fix a rate of 5 cents for the first pound and 2 cents for each additional pound up to the maximum weight fixed for the whole parcels post system.

The way this would work out would be that the country storekeeper from whose place of business radiate several rural delivery routes would be able to deliver goods to any of his customers on any of the routes running from his town at an average cost of a little over 2 cents per pound or 25 cents for the maximum bundle of eleven pounds. It will be seen, therefore, that the country storekeeper would have a discrimination in his favor of about 10 cents a pound on every article he sent out of his store by mail, and that would be more than enough to meet any possible competition by the big mail order houses.

The agitation for the parcels post has not fairly begun, and it may be that it will be some time before the system is inaugurated, but it will come at last.

## WILEY WAS RIGHT.

The action of the commission of chemists in overruling Dr. Wiley in the matter of the use of benzoate of soda as a food preservative has not finally settled the matter. The opinion of these three men carries no more weight than the opinion of Dr. Wiley and his associates, and the great mass of people who possess average intelligence will draw their own conclusions. In appointing the commission President Roosevelt doubtless had in view the protection of some particular manufacturer, and it is noted in this connection that the navy department, in advertising for tomato catsup, specifically allowed the use of benzoate of soda.

It is a cheerful sign that many of the food manufacturers who use their best endeavors to keep their goods pure and palatable have ranged themselves on the side of Dr. Wiley, and a meeting was recently held in New York at which vigorous resolutions were adopted.

The gist of the resolutions was "that we, manufacturers of and dealers in strictly pure and lawful foods, approving all reasonable and proper efforts toward the strict enforcement of both the letter and the spirit of the national food and drug acts of June, 1906, desire to assist in bringing about uniform state legislation that will be in accord with and support the best provisions of the national law."

The doctors of the country also, many of them, are inclined to doubt the wisdom of what the New York Times is pleased to call "the eminent federal referee board of chemists." The president of the Pennsylvania state medical examining board, Dr. Henry Beates, Jr., has very decided views in the matters, and says that "there is not a physician who does not know that those articles which Wiley says are injurious are injurious."

The practice of embalming food is going to be stopped, and great good has already been accomplished in this direction by the agricultural department.

Dr. Wiley in particular has been fearless in pursuit of those who believe that poison in small doses can be assimilated without doing very much harm. It is time for the people of the country to line up behind Wiley for the public good.

They make barons out of brewers over in England, so what's the harm if Governor Spry did occupy a box with Jacob Moritz at the theatre?

The celebration in honor of the Father of his Country is next in order. Lincoln and Washington—let the world match them if it can.

Now they are beginning to talk of local option, with Salt Lake and Weber counties left out. More agitation.

## SOCIETY

Mrs. Louis S. Cates was the hostess yesterday afternoon at one of the most enjoyable teas of the pre-Lenten season at her home on Second avenue, when over 100 of her friends called during the afternoon hours. The rooms were made bright with quantities of rose-colored carnations, which were in vases throughout the parlor and hallway. In the dining room red alone was the colored used, and all the table decorations suggested the season of St. Valentine. Deep red carnations gave a cheery glow to the table, which was lighted by the softness of red-shaded candelabra. Heart-shaped confections and ices for refreshments added their suggestion of Valentine's day. From an alcove sounded the strains of popular music, and throughout the home the cheer of friends exchanging greetings.

The hostess, assisted by her mother, Mrs. Gillespie, and Miss Aileen Maclean, received the guests in the parlor, while assisting in entertaining were Mrs. William P. Kerr and Mrs. Walter Maas. In the dining room Mrs. J. H. Walker and Mrs. Henry M. Crowther poured, assisted by Miss Ione Morrison, Miss Gertrude Hanson, Miss Mildred McMillan, Miss Nellie Beattie and Miss Minette Baer.

Mrs. Samuel C. Park entertained a dozen friends yesterday at a luncheon at the University club, the affair being in honor of Miss Katherine Geddes and the members of her bridal party. The large round table was decorated artistically for the affair. A cloth of lace over pale pink covered the central part and on this was a large round mirror holding a bowl of deep purple violets. From the midst of this arose a great cluster of pale pink stocks, and around the base of the mirror rows of ferns extended outward to the candlesticks. Six tall crystal candlesticks held pale pink candles, which lighted the board. Following the lunch bridge was enjoyed.

Mrs. M. H. Kriebel, Mrs. Ellsworth Daggett and Mrs. J. M. Bidwell entertained over fifty of their friends yesterday afternoon at a delightfully informal tea in compliment to Mrs. Kenneth C. Kerr, whose homecoming has been so welcome to her Salt Lake friends. The rooms in the Woodward home were made bright with quantities of sunny-colored daffodils and narcissus, and the hours of the afternoon were spent either in needlework or bridge. The hostesses were assisted by Mrs. William Lechman, Mrs. James Hogle, Mrs. William Reid and Mrs. George R. Smith. The same hostesses entertain again next week at a similar affair.

The Ladies' Literary club house was the scene last evening of a delightful dance, given by a number of the younger girls to about 100 of their friends. The hall was hung with strings of red hearts, graduated in size so as to form a complete canopy overhead. The young hostesses of the evening were Miss Katie Adams, Miss Ruby Lambourn, Miss Florence Veness, Miss Harriet McCarrick, Miss Lola Farrell and Miss Marjorie Short, and the party was chaperoned by the mothers of the young girls and by Miss Annie Adams. Punch was served during the dancing, Miss Eleanor Park and Miss Dorothy Veness presiding at the bowl.

The garrison people at Fort Douglas enjoyed a delightful evening last night, when the regular monthly game in the regimental tournament was played in the hop room. All the players in the regiment were out, and Captain and Mrs. T. R. Harker, Lieutenant and Mrs. Potter, Mr. Moore and Lieutenant Miller made admirable hosts and hostesses. Instead of the usual custom of serving supper in the hop room, a delicious hot supper was served at the Officers' club following the game.

The second senior class of St. Mary's academy entertained the young ladies of the graduating class and first senior classes very delightfully at a valentine party Friday afternoon. The guests appeared in costume, representing some popular piece of music. Miss Dobbs received the prize for the best representation of a progressive hearts was the game of the afternoon. The prizes were awarded to Miss McDonough and Miss Taylor. A dainty luncheon was served.

Mr. and Mrs. T. R. Woodbridge entertained over thirty of their friends last evening at a delightfully informal dance in their new home in the Stauffer apartments. Excellent music was provided, and in honor of St. Valentine, decorations of red carnations were used. After a few hours of dancing a supper was served.

The class of 1912 of the university gave its initial dance at the Odeon last evening and it proved one of the best university parties of the season. There was a large attendance of university students and their friends. The hall was decorated in the school colors, and the officers of the class acted as a reception committee. The dance was under the patronage of the university professors and their wives.

Mrs. Alexander C. Ewing will entertain this afternoon at a bridge tea at her home.

Mrs. Leslie L. Savage will also be the hostess today at a bridge tea for Miss Sara Terrell.

Miss Edith Mudgett will entertain today at a luncheon, followed by an Orpheum matinee party.

Mrs. C. S. Vaden will not be at home today, but will resume her Saturdays at home next week.

Mrs. June Sadler Donnell entertains the little folk of her classes this afternoon at a Mother Goose party, and

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this evening her older pupils will enjoy a masquerade dance, both affairs in the Ladies' Literary club.

The Browning section of the Ladies' Literary club meets today with Mrs. Elmer B. Jones.

Mrs. Sidney K. Hooper and her little son expect to leave shortly to visit the Hewitt family in Denver for a short time.

Joseph Lipmann left last evening for a short stay in California.

Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Foster, who are now in Colorado Springs, will be home within a few days.

Mrs. R. E. Knowlton of Provo is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Winter, at the Ritter apartments for a short time.

Mrs. William Shirley of Reno, Nev., is the guest for a few weeks of her daughters, Mrs. Bert Seaboldt and Mrs. W. Rolio Grant.

## POSITIVE TESTIMONY.

(Harper's Weekly.)  
"Have you ever seen the prisoner at the bar?"  
"Yes, judge, and he can drink like a fish."

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Boys' black 1-1 rib Cotton Hose, the Pickaninny brand, made out of three-thread Egyptian yarn, with shaped ankle. A regular 35c value, for 25c

Boys' and Girls' black Cashmere Hose, made for durability and comfort. A regular 35c value for 25c

Misses' extra fine ribbed black Cotton Hose, having a very dressy appearance and pure luster. A regular 35c value for 25c

Ladies' black Cotton Hose, medium weight, with seamless shaped foot. An extra value at 25c. Sale price 25c



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